

Simulating IGM/CGM line absorption from cosmological simulations

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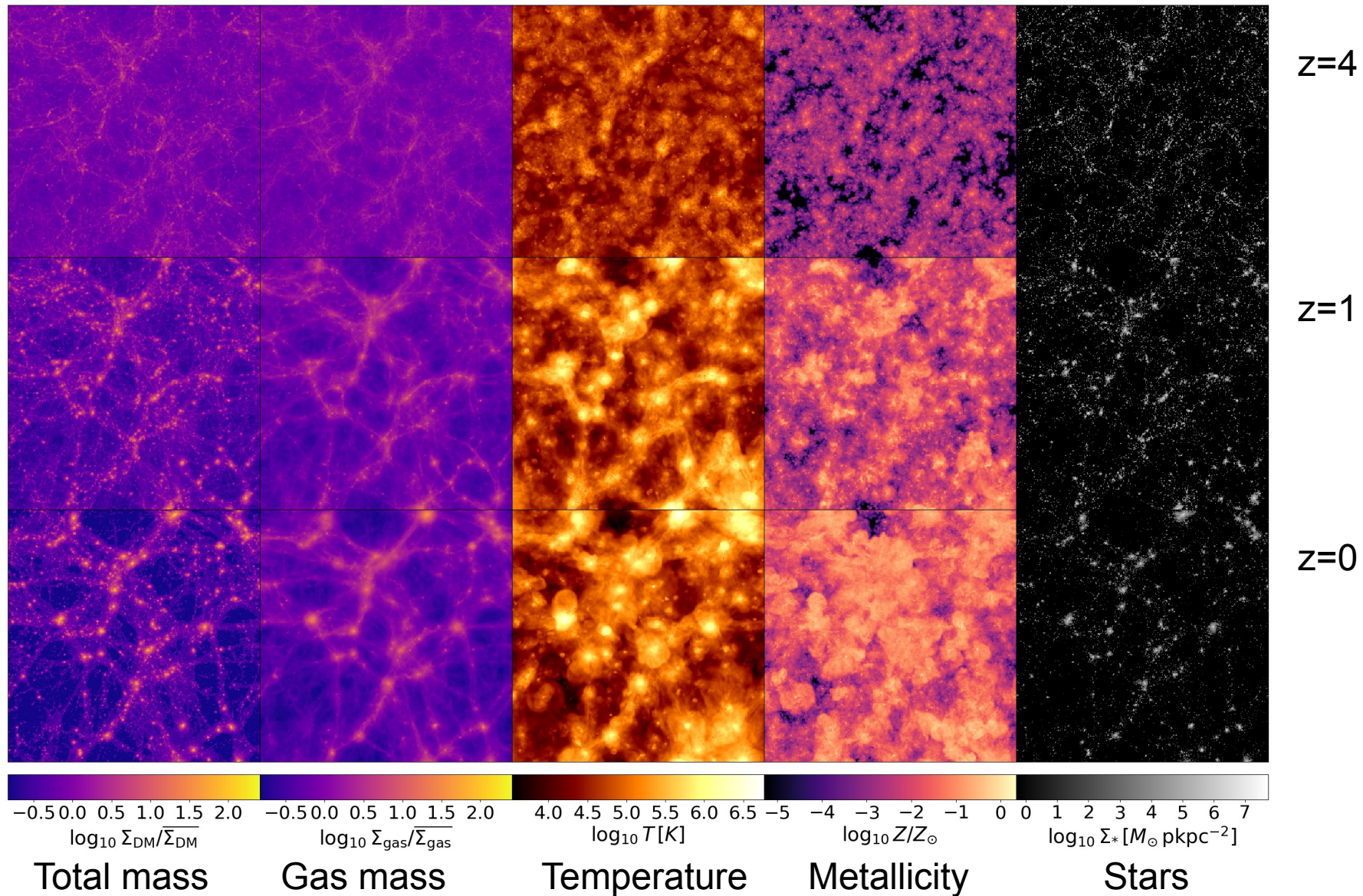
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Simulations: examples

cosmological hydrodynamical simulations: (review: <https://arxiv.org/pdf/1909.07976.pdf>)

- **EAGLE**: gas mass resolution $1.81 \times 10^6 M_{\odot}$, volume 100^3 cMpc^3 (Ref-L100N1504)
public data release: <http://icc.dur.ac.uk/Eagle/database.php>
papers: Schaye et al. (2015, description), Crain et al. (2015, feedback calibration)
McAlpine et al. (2016, galaxy and halo catalogues), The EAGLE Team (2017, full data release)
- **IllustrisTNG**: gas mass resolution $1.4 \times 10^6 M_{\odot}$, volume 110.7^3 cMpc^3 (TNG100-1)
public data release: <https://www.tng-project.org/data/>
- **Magneticum**: gas mass resolution up to $7.3 \times 10^6 M_{\odot}$, volumes $18^3 - 2688^3 \text{ (cMpc/h)}^3$
website: <http://www.magneticum.org/index.html> (some data available)
- **HorizonAGN**: resolution $\sim 1 \text{ pkpc}$ (maximum refinement), volume 100^3 (cMpc/h)^3
website: <https://www.horizon-simulation.org/data.html> (some data available)
- **Mufasa**: gas mass resolution $1.82 \times 10^7 M_{\odot}$ (50^3 (cMpc/h)^3), volumes $12.5^3 - 50^3 \text{ (cMpc/h)}^3$
presentation paper: <https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2016MNRAS.462.3265D/abstract>
- **Romulus25**: gas mass resolution $2.12 \times 10^5 M_{\odot}$, volume 25^3 cMpc^3 ,
more information: <https://mtremmel.github.io/research.html>
- **MassiveBlack-II**: gas mass resolution $\sim 10^6 M_{\odot}$, volume 1003 cMpc^3
website: <http://mbii.phys.cmu.edu>, presentation paper: <https://arxiv.org/pdf/1402.0888.pdf>

EAGLE (25 cMpc)



Simulations: physics

- gravity, hydrodynamics
- radiative cooling
- star formation, stellar feedback
- black hole seeding, AGN feedback
- sometimes: magnetic fields, thermal conduction, dust, ...

Things to look out for:

- ISM model: single-phase, pressure floor
- directly probing the feedback model (calibrated to galaxy statistics): e.g. temperature for stochastic heating

Specwizard: inputs

Simulation (SPH)

Snapshots with:

- redshift
- cosmological parameters
- simulated volume

Gas particles with:

- location
- peculiar velocity
- mass
- size
- temperature
- density
- abundances
- star formation rate

Ionization tables

ion fractions as a function of $n(\text{H})$, T , redshift

Assume:

- ionization equilibrium
- optically thin gas
- uniform, redshift-dependent UV/X-ray background (Haardt & Madau, 2001)
- Cloudy 7.02 model

Code and documentation:

https://github.com/nastasha-w/specwizard_versions

branch: nastasha

Paper: e.g. Tepper-Garcia et al. (2011, §3.1)

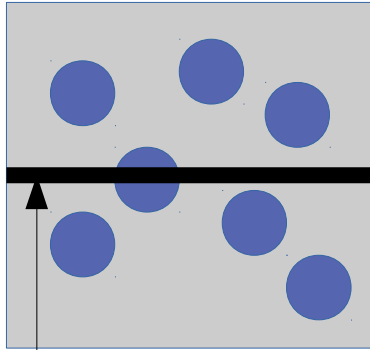
Atomic data

wavelength and oscillator strength of each line of each ion

part of the specwizard code

Specwizard: calculations

Simulated volume



Sightline (periodic)

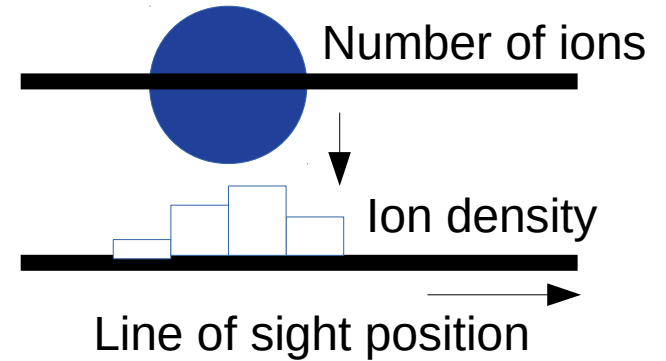
1. Select a sightline, and the particles that intersect it



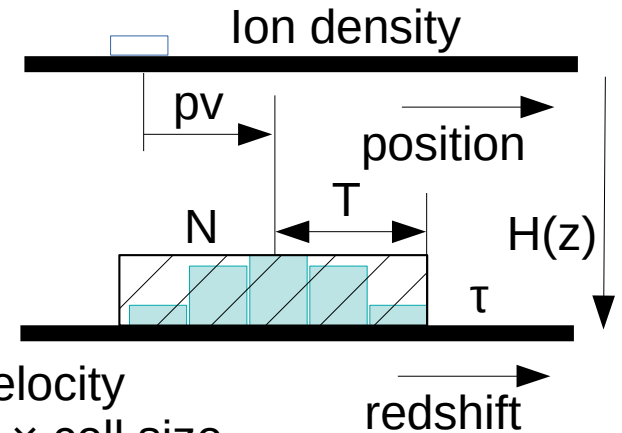
ρ , T , Z , Mass
+ z , ion tables

2. Calculate the number of ions in each particle along the sightline

3. calculate the ion density along the sightline

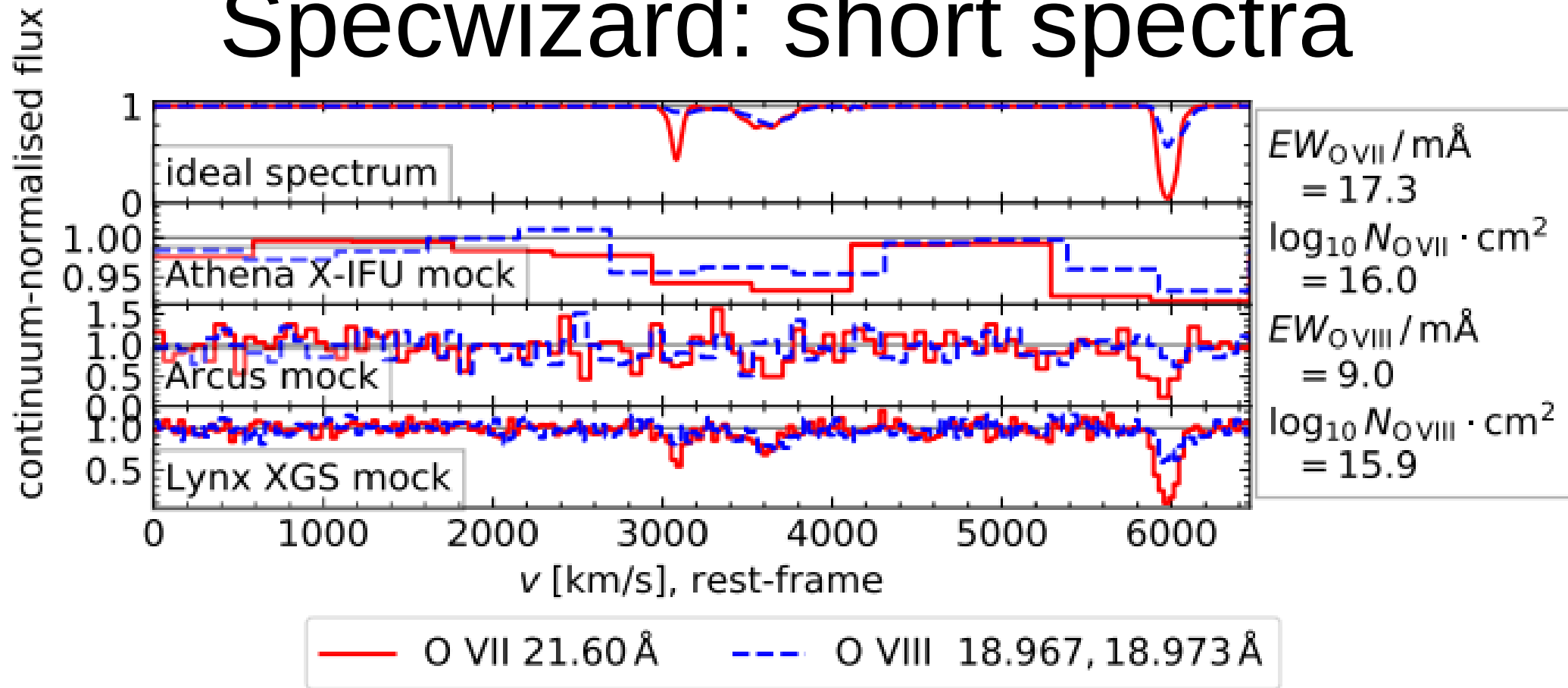


4. Calculate the optical depth in redshift space



pv = peculiar velocity
 N = ion density \times cell size

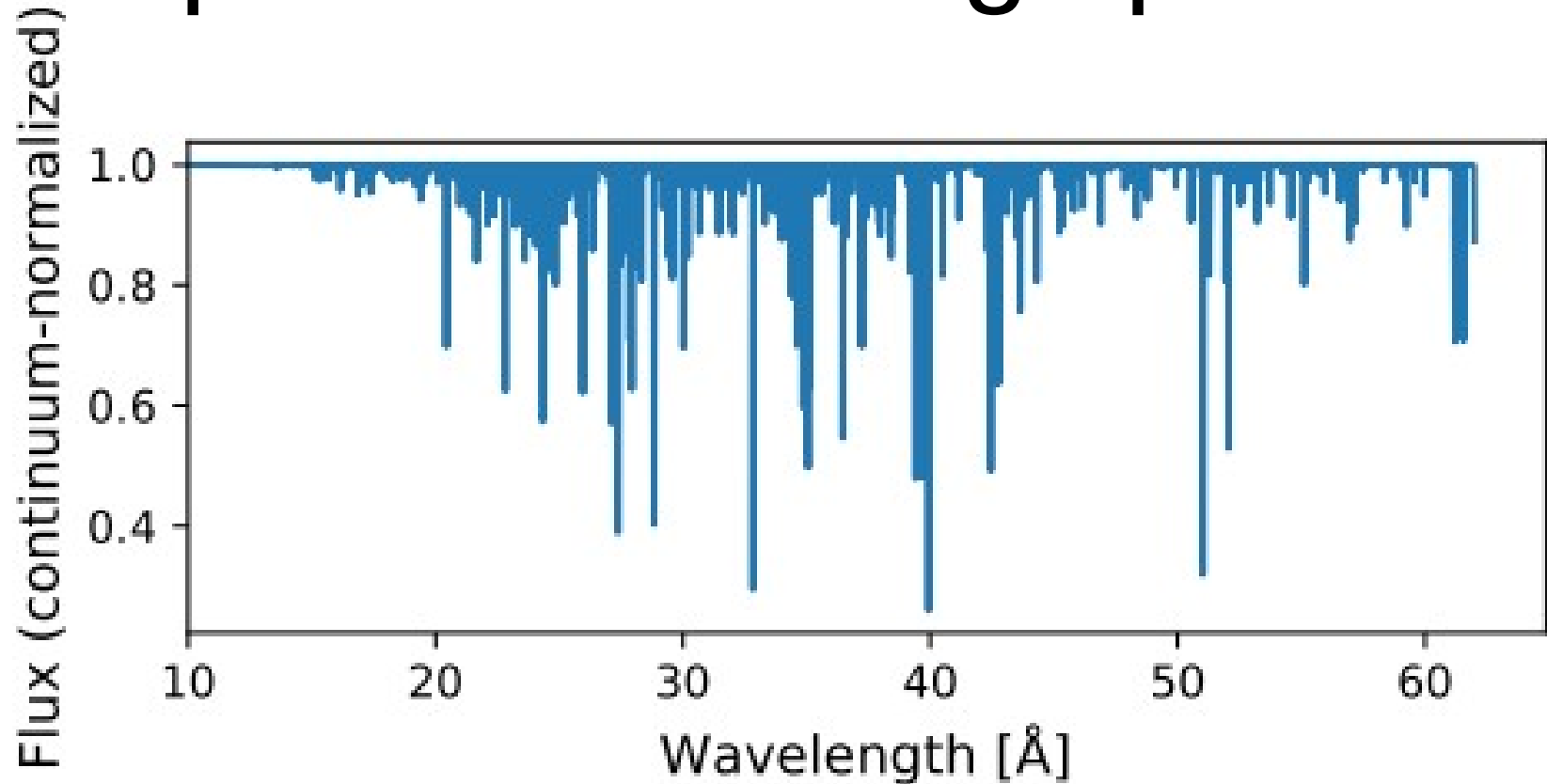
Specwizard: short spectra



Using a 2-10 keV flux of 10^{-11} erg/cm²/s, photon spectral index $\Gamma=1.8$, 100 ks exposure
Athena data: Barret *et al.* 2018, Lumb *et al.* 2017; Arcus data: Smith *et al.* 2016; Lynx
data: The Lynx Team 2018

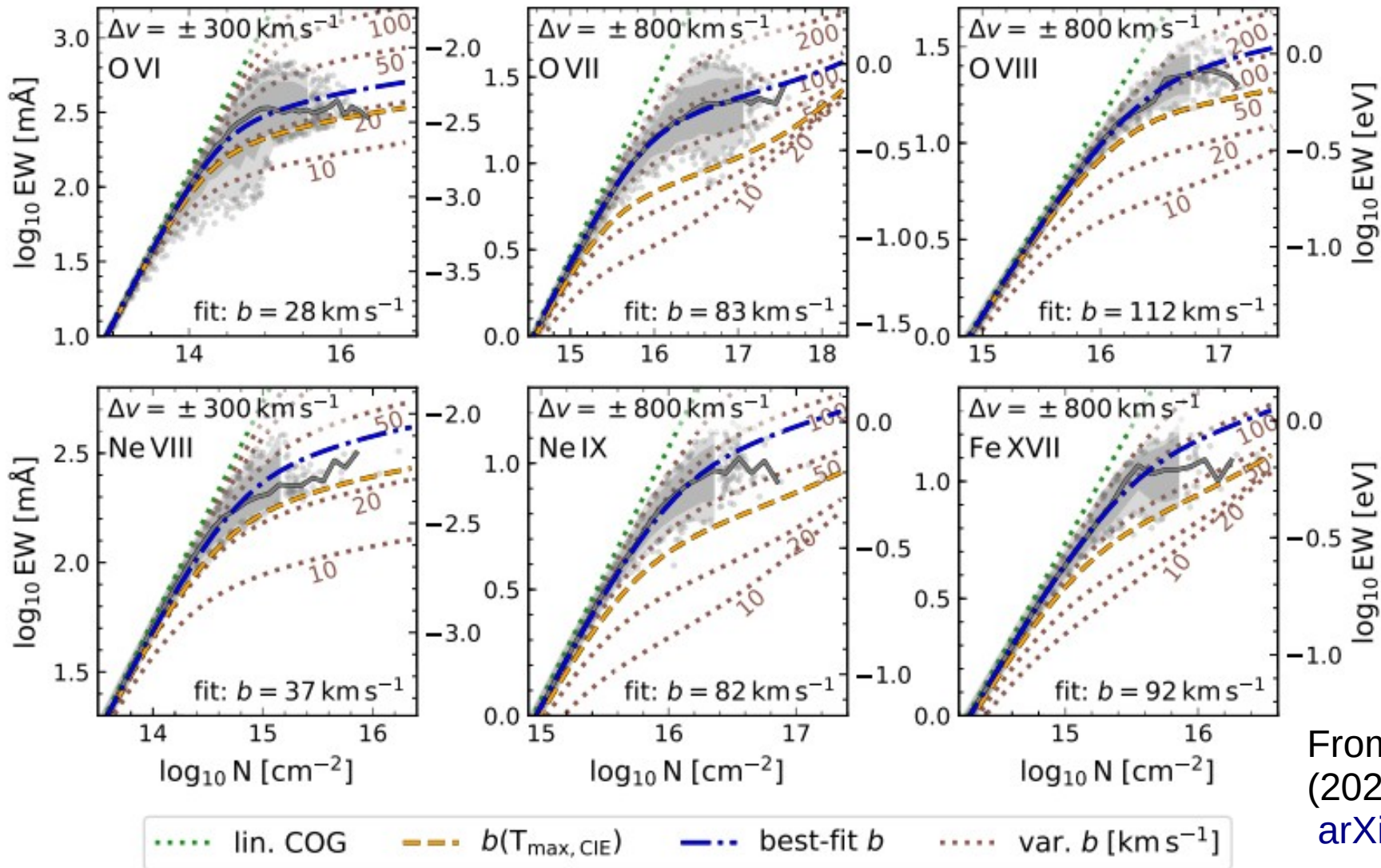
Figure from: Wijers *et al.* (2019) – <https://arxiv.org/abs/1904.01057>

Specwizard: long spectra



Preliminary, using a number of transitions of C V, C VI, O VII, O VIII, Fe XVII, and Ne IX
Redshifts 0.0002 – 1.0, resolution: 0.5 km/s short spectrum, 0.3 mA long spectrum

Specwizard: curve of growth



From: Wijers et al. (2020, preprint): [arXiv:2004.05171](https://arxiv.org/abs/2004.05171)

Summary

- Cosmological, hydrodynamical simulations: provide lots of data on galaxies, CGM, IGrM, ICM (to some extent), IGM; beware of 'artifacts' and model limitations
- Eagle: cosmological, hydrodynamical simulation, data is publicly release
- Specwizard: package for virtual spectra from Eagle data, available on github, but no structured release so far